

LEEDS CONSERVATOIRE

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE (COMPANY NUMBER 7596410)

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JULY 2024

KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

Key management personnel are defined as members of the conservatoire's executive leadership team and were represented by the following in 2023/24:

Professor Joe Wilson Principal (and Accountable Officer)

Patsy Gilbert Vice Principal

Anna Keogh Director of Marketing and Student Recruitment (resigned 16 January 2024)

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

A full list of Directors is given on pages 14 and 15 of these financial statements. Ms Melanie Halstead acted as Director of Governance throughout this period.

PROFESSIONAL ADVISORS

EXTERNAL AUDITOR INTERNAL AUDITOR

Forvis Mazars LLP RSM

Park View House 2 Wellington Place

58 The Ropewalk Leeds
Nottingham LS1 4AP

NG1 5DW

BANKERS

Santander 1-2 Triton Square Regents Place London NW1 3AN

SOLICITORS

Eversheds LLP Stone King LLP Bridgewater Place One Park Row

Water Lane Leeds
Leeds LS1 5HN

LS11 5DR

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LEEDS CONSERVATOIRE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2024 DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2024.

Legal status

The company was incorporated on 7 April 2011 and the sole member of the company is Luminate Education Group Corporation ("the corporation"). The company and the corporation have a close collaborative relationship in relation to their common charitable purposes. The company is an exempt charity for the purposes of the Charities Act 2011.

The institution was designated by statutory instrument on 22 June 2018 as an institution eligible to receive funding from the Office for Students. On 11 August 2021, Leeds College of Music changed its name to become known as Leeds Conservatoire.

Vision, mission and values

The Leeds Conservatoire strategic plan sets out our vision, mission and values through a set of beliefs:

- That the wellbeing of our students and staff is integral to all our activity.
- In supporting students to be the best artists, performers, or entrepreneurs they possibly can be.
- That higher education is about students realise their own identity and graduate as individuals ready to make healthy, positive choices about their next steps.
- In vocations, not just 'jobs'.
- In supporting students who will create what the music, theatre or performing arts industries will become, not preparing them for the one that exists.
- In seeing students as whole people, not 'just' as students or artists.
- That everyone has the right to work and study in an environment which doesn't discriminate through cultural, economic or social differences.
- Difference is to be acknowledged and celebrated and students and staff should feel able to be their true and authentic selves in what they learn, study and teach.
- In social purpose and investing in our community.
- That the whole of Leeds is our campus we support and respect our region and will work to be an integral part of its growth and success.
- We produce successful graduates, world class in their respective fields.

Public Benefit

Leeds Conservatoire is an exempt charity under Part 3 of the Charities Act 2011 regulated by the Secretary of State for Education through the Office for Students. The directors of the Board, who are trustees of the charity, are disclosed on pages 14 and 15.

LEEDS CONSERVATOIRE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2024 DIRECTORS' REPORT

In setting and reviewing the conservatoire's strategic objectives below, the board has had due regard for the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit and particularly upon its supplementary guidance on the advancement of education. The guidance sets out the requirement that all organisations wishing to be recognised as charities must demonstrate, explicitly, that their aims are for the public benefit.

In delivering its mission, the conservatoire provides the following identifiable public benefits through the advancement of education:

- · High quality teaching
- Widening participation and aspiration to Higher Education
- Excellent employment for students
- Strong student support systems
- Links with employers, industry and commerce.

Implementation of strategic plan

2023/24 was the second year of our Strategic Plan 2022–28. Our aims for this period were:

- 1. Equity
- 2. Academic Community
- 3. Sustainability

Strategic aim 1: Equity

Leeds Conservatoire continues to create an inclusive working and learning environment, where everybody's background and experience is respected and championed. We recognise diversity as a core strength of the conservatoire – in our curriculum, recruitment and retention, our approach to teaching and learning, and in our buildings and services. Our profile within the sector as a leading institution for Equity, Diversity and Inclusion continued to be consolidated, for example working with Conservatoires UK to develop better EDI practices in conservatoires and earlier this year we were invited by GuildHE to speak to their members about our EDI work, in particular about our Student Diversity Representatives initiative and our work with Black Lives in Music.

Strategic aim 2: Academic Community

The conservatoire was previously awarded a Silver Taught Excellence Framework (TEF) and we retain this rating for the next three years. The ratings for Leeds Conservatoire were as follows:

- Student experience Silver
- Student outcomes Silver
- Overall Silver "The student experience and outcomes are typically very high quality, and there may be some outstanding features."

In terms of the National Student Survey (NSS), again the conservatoire had performed well, scoring higher than sector wide averages by between 1.5 and 3.3 percentage points across 'Teaching', 'Learning opportunities', 'Assessment and Feedback' and 'Academic Support'. In particular, Assessment and Feedback, places the Conservatoire 14% above both the Sector and CUK averages.

We continue to develop core curricula which are high quality, exciting, inventive and artistically challenging and which support students in their personal and professional growth while they're with us and beyond. We do this through offering a range of flexible, adaptable and accessible activities which give students opportunities to collaborate and tailor their own learning experiences.

Staff are supported and encouraged to be part of a community which promotes academic and artistic enquiry, scholarship and practice. For example, in this period we have focussed on developing a new Learning, Teaching and Assessment Strategy for the conservatoire which links to the overarching strategic aims with input from teams across the conservatoire. Knowledge Exchange work, headed up by the Enterprise and Employability Co-ordinator, has developed contextual projects looking at artistic citizenship and that bring together employers to discuss what creative graduates can offer to their workforce. We have continued our relationships with Yorkshire Universities, WYCS, Culture Consortium Leeds and a variety of Leeds businesses and networks through our KE funded projects on creative across sectors. These projects and networks have helped us to build our position in the city and the region.

Strategic aim 3: Sustainability

Applications for Leeds Conservatoire remain high, however the number of student enrolled was lower than budgeted. HE Fees and Grants income were lower as a result in the fall in student numbers and this was offset by reducing staff costs and non-pay costs. As such the conservatoire improved upon the budgeted cost to income ratios on its core curriculum activity.

To mitigate against increased competition, work continued to review and redevelop the whole conservatoire curriculum for 2026 entry, as part of our application for Degree Awarding Powers (DAPs). Our aim is to have DAPs for 2026.

Staff development during this period has focused on the curriculum development project. The curriculum development project aims to be inclusive and key stakeholders from around the conservatoire have been invited to take part in discussions and have had opportunities to present connected initiatives, for example, representatives from, Student Recruitment, TEL, Registry, Events Expertise and Junior LC.

Financial objectives

The financial objectives adopted by the conservatoire should be read in the context of the strategic plan to achieve growth in Higher Education (HE) numbers and funding. The financial objectives underpinning the financial plans are that in the long term we will achieve positive earnings before interest, taxation, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA), allowing the conservatoire to generate positive operating cash flows to enable continued investment in resources. All of our departments will manage their work to agreed budgets and forecasts for each academic year. We will achieve annual student number targets for recruitment and retention, with input from academic and professional support departments.

Financial results

The conservatoire generated a deficit before other gains and losses of £530k during the year ended 31 July 2024 (2022/23: deficit of £1,463k), with total income of £15,448k (2022/23: total income of £16,306k).

The conservatoire's deficit for the year of £530k (2022/23: deficit of £1,463k) is after deducting the following items below:

- FRS102 pension costs being the difference between the estimated liability charge to the conservatoire and that paid by the conservatoire in employer contributions of £161k (2022/23: £652k), recorded in staff costs.
- Net interest of £96k (2022/23: £128k) on the conservatoire's liabilities within the West Yorkshire Pension Fund, reported within interest and other finance costs.

An actuarial loss of £202k (2022/23: actuarial gain of £5,066k) on the pension scheme meant total comprehensive income was a net deficit of £440k (2022/23: £3,873k surplus) in the year. Further details of the pension costs are set out in note 17 to these accounts.

The current funding regime for higher education students provides the conservatoire with the opportunity to pursue growth in its core business through increased student numbers. The key to improving financial health will be for the institution to improve the current cost profile of its new curriculum whilst maintaining the quality of provision and support necessary to both attract further growth over future years and retain existing enrolled students.

At an operational level, the conservatoire's financial position for the year has been impacted by lower than planned levels of student recruitment as a result of a reduced intake in September 2023 and lower levels of continuation when compared to previous years. The lower levels of tuition fees continued to be offset by the £1m initiative funding grant from the OfS. There were also a number of cost pressures during the year including increased employee costs due to the pay award, incremental progression and the increase in the employers' pension contribution rate.

In common with all HE Institutions the conservatoire's principal source of funding has shifted from grants to fees. We continue to seek diversification of income in the future, with our development and events teams making good progress in this area.

Balance sheet

The conservatoire has £11,669k of net assets (before providing for a £169k defined benefit pension liability and long-term debt of £962k).

Treasury policies and objectives

Treasury management is the management of the conservatoire's cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and the pursuit of optimum performance consistent with those risks. As part of the group, the cash position is managed as part of a group treasury function. The Principal does not have any authority to enter into borrowing on behalf of the conservatoire.

Liquidity

The conservatoire's balance sheet reports an inter-company balance with Luminate Education Group of £1.4 million, representing the conservatoire's cash reserves. This is sufficient to meet the on-going working capital and investment needs of the operation.

Post-balance sheet (non-adjusting) events

There are no significant post balance sheets events this year.

Going concern

The activities of the conservatoire together with the factors likely to affect its future development and performance are set out in the Directors' Report and Strategic Report. The financial position of the conservatoire, its cash flow, liquidity and borrowings are described in the financial statement and accompanying notes.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors believe to be appropriate for the following reasons.

After reviewing these forecasts, the directors are of the opinion that, taking account of severe but plausible downsides, the conservatoire will have sufficient funds, through funding from its immediate parent (Luminate Education Group) to meet its liabilities as they fall due over the period of 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements (the going concern assessment period).

The conservatoire is the wholly owned subsidiary of the Corporation of Luminate Education Group. As part of the Luminate Education Group, the conservatoire participates in a group treasury arrangement whereby the working capital fluctuations of the conservatoire are supported by the group treasury function. The conservatoire has no other form of borrowing open to it. As such for the conservatoire to continue to trade as a going concern the group needs to provide assurance it can continue to support the working capital requirements of the conservatoire going forward.

Luminate Education Group continues to support the conservatoire on an ongoing basis. The entities have a shared purpose, vision and aligned strategic objectives. Luminate Education Group sees the conservatoire as an important part of the group through its delivery of HE courses and integral to the ongoing development of the group brand. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

Due to the seasonal profile of funding within the further and higher education sectors, the group has needed to carefully manage its cash balances in order to cover working capital requirements for the period of January to May, when the main tranche Higher Education (HE) funding is received. Since reclassification of the further education sector the DfE has reprofiled some of the main income streams for the group, lessening the impact of the profile of the receipt of the HE income. The DfE has also providing replacement loan funding for the planned commercial borrowing that had been arranged to support the group capital programme. The group is forecasting to have sufficient cash balances to manage this position for the duration of its current three-year financial plan.

Based on these indications the directors believe that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from the basis of preparation being inappropriate.

Stakeholder relationships

In line with other institutions, we have many stakeholders. These include:

- Students
- Education sector funding bodies
- Staff
- Local employers (with specific links)
- Local authorities
- Specialist music partners
- Regional and National theatre companies.
- The local community
- Other HE and FE institutions
- Trade unions
- Professional bodies
- Government Offices
- Validating Partner (University of Hull)

Equality and diversity

Leeds Conservatoire is committed to valuing diversity and promoting equality and inclusion. We seek to maximise the potential of our staff and students, be responsive to new ideas, and equip our students for life in a multicultural and diverse society.

Our Commitment

Leeds Conservatoire values the rich social and cultural diversity in which it operates and is committed to:

- promoting equality;
- promoting social cohesion and building community links;
- respecting the dignity of all people who visit, study and work at the conservatoire;
- providing conditions which encourage everyone to participate, progress and achieve in their learning;
- actively challenging unacceptable actions and behaviours such as harassment, or bullying.

Commitments to equality will be applied irrespective of:

- age:
- disability, including neurodiversity;
- gender reassignment;
- marriage and civil partnership;
- neurodiversity;
- pregnancy and maternity or paternity;
- race;
- religion or belief;
- sex;
- sexual orientation.

These commitments are championed by the Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Committee and actively considered when producing or reviewing the conservatoire policies and procedures. The conservatoire's EDI Action Plan incorporates actions to achieve and embed these commitments and explains how the conservatoire will implement them. EDI reports and actions are published on our website: https://www.lcm.ac.uk/about-us/corporate/equality-diversity/

Disability support

The conservatoire has a well-established Disability Support team as part of its Student Services offer to prospective and current students. Prospective students are supported by the Disability Support team through audition or interview as needed.

The team includes Disability Advisers, Study Skills tutors and a Specialist Mentor who offer support to DSA funded students as well as those students studying at the conservatoire who would benefit from ad-hoc support.

This may take the form of support such as the provision of assistive technologies, specialist equipment, mentoring, and training for academic staff to ensure learning and teaching materials are fully accessible, lecture notes being made available in advance of lectures, extra exam time, audio recording of classes and a lecture capture system, Panopto.

The staff in the Disability Support team also work closely with the Health and Wellbeing team thus

ensuring that, for example, tailored mental health support is available to students who would benefit from it.

Access and Participation

As part of our conditions of registration, Leeds Conservatoire produces an Access and Participation plan as outlined in Regulatory Notice 1 from the Office for Students.

Our current plan will cease in August 2025 and our newly approved plan will commence in September 2025. All students currently enrolled will benefit from the support they were entitled to when enrolling, new students from 2025 will receive support as outlined in the 2025-2028 plan.

We must support all groups identified as at risk of experiencing inequality of opportunity by the Office for Students, but we have highlighted three key groups of students who face the most risk at Leeds Conservatoire and will have specific targets set over an 8-year lifecycle. These are:

- Students from the least advantaged geographical areas (IMD2019, Quintiles 1&2)
- Students who received Free School Meals during compulsory education
- Students from the Global Majority (Black, Asian, Mixed Ethnicities and other non-white ethnicities)

Full details of our commitments, rationale and forecasted investment are in the Access and Participation Plan.

Disclosure of information to auditors

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the conservatoire's auditors are unaware. Each member has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

Approved by order of the Board of Directors on 9 December 2024 and signed on its behalf by:

Carolyn Lord

Chair of the Board of Directors

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Leeds Conservatoire

3 Quarry Hill

Leeds

LS2 7PD

The conservatoire had a successful year to 31 July 2024, and significant progress was made against the strategic plan.

Student numbers

In total, 1,397 HE students were enrolled at the Conservatoire (on the 1st of November 2023) in 2023/24, down from 1,449 in the previous year.

Key performance indicators

Academic profile

The percentage of BA (Hons) students graduating in 2024 who achieved a first-class degree was 31%, marginally higher than the OfS average of 29.6%.

Future prospects

Looking ahead, the future of the conservatoire remains positive if challenging. Increased competition within the higher education sector and a reduction of potential students entering the sector means that sustaining and improving market position requires investment in facilities, review of curriculum delivery and growth into new markets.

A robust market position has been strengthened by formal agreements with the nationally recognised arts and music organisations, increased feeder school and open day activities and the removal of audition fees. These actions, alongside exemplary facilities, has positioned the conservatoire to be able to maintain its market share.

People and Resources

The staff headcount of the conservatoire as an average for the year was 410, and the full-time equivalent was 150. The conservatoire's staff are a significant resource with many having national and international profiles in their field.

Tangible resources include the conservatoire's main building, with specialist facilities including recording studios, performance and rehearsal spaces, musical instruments and equipment. The other parts of the estate include a bespoke music library building, which opened in 2017, and the specialist performing arts teaching spaces, which opened in 2019.

Payment performance

The Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998 requires companies, in the absence of agreement to the contrary, to make payments to suppliers within 30 days of either the provision of goods or services or the date on which the invoice was received. During the accounting year ended 31 July 2024 the conservatoire paid 94% (prior year 98%) of its invoices within 30 days. No interest charges were incurred in respect of late payment for this period.

Environmental matters

A key strategic objective for the conservatoire is to continue to operate sustainably and to have regard for the environment through carbon reduction measures and a range of sustainability initiatives. The conservatoire is part of the carbon management programme endorsed by the Carbon Trust. The conservatoire also now shares the same suppliers for energy, waste management and mechanical maintenance within the wider Luminate Education Group. A sustainability group monitors performance against our sustainability strategy.

The conservatoire's greenhouse gas emissions and energy use for the period calculated in line with the 2019 HM Government Environmental Reporting Guidelines, the GHG Reporting Protocol – Corporate Standard and the 2021 UK Government's Conversion Factors for Company Reporting are as follows:

UK Greenhouse gas emissions and energy use data for the period	2023/24	2022/23
Scope 1 emissions in metric tonnes CO2e		
Gas consumption	183.2	250.7
Owned transport	0.5	÷
Fugitive	1-	7.3
Total	183.7	258.0
Scope 2 emissions in metric tonnes CO2e		
Purchased electricity	226.3	209.4
Scope 3 emissions in metric tonnes CO2e		
Business travel in employee-owned vehicles	2.1	1.2
Water supply	-	2.5
Total	2.1	3.7
Total gross emissions in metric tonnes CO2e	412.1	471.1
Intensity ratio		
Metric tonnes CO2e per staff member (FTE)	2.7	3.0

During the year the Salix funding project commenced to reduce carbon emissions through the connection to the Leeds Pipes network, improvements to the heating and cooling controls and enhancements to the thermal efficiency of the windows.

Trade Union facility

As part of the Trade Union Act 2016, we are required to publish information on trade union facility time. This information is for 1st July 2023 to 31st July 2024. Four employees with a full-time equivalent employee number of 1.8 spent 5.3% of their time providing this facility. The cost of providing this facility was £1,332, representing 0% of the total pay bill for the conservatoire during this period. The time spent on paid trade union activities as a percentage of total paid facility time was 0%.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The conservatoire has identified a number of key strategic risks that affect the whole institution and manages these in accordance with the Luminate Education Group Risk Management Policy. The Principal has responsibility for the strategic risk register, overseen by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors. The Audit Committee use risk reports on a regular basis and link them to the work of both internal and external auditors to enable them to comment upon the adequacy of the process. The Luminate Education Group's internal auditors use the risks to inform their prospective work plan so that the plan is focused upon the key risks facing the conservatoire.

We have identified the principal risks below:

 Lack of estates capacity limits our student recruitment and course delivery. We aim to offer students an exceptional learning experience in exemplary facilities, and growing student

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numbers continue to exert pressure on the space available. A new Estates Strategy has been commissioned from Cushman and Wakefield to address these concerns particularly around the accommodation needs for performing arts courses.

- Failure to maintain our market position against competitors. We have several strategies in place
 to secure our provision, including applying for Degree Awarding Powers which will enable us to
 review and expand our curriculum more quickly in response to changing market conditions. We
 are building feeder school relationships, increasing open day activity (online as well as in person)
 and improving our digital presence to reflect our expanding curriculum.
- Financial sustainability. We have invested significantly in our facilities in recent years, to protect
 our market share and improve the student experience. We need to maintain the financial
 flexibility to accommodate further annual capital investment. With the support of the Luminate
 Education Group we have implemented a more detailed and rigorous approach to business
 planning, financial forecasting and scenario planning. Through the curriculum review we aim to
 strengthen the underlying financial performance of the conservatoire and grow cash generation.

We made significant progress against many of these during the year and whilst the risk levels with planned mitigation are judged acceptable, close monitoring of them is nevertheless actively maintained.

Approved by order of the Board of Directors on 9 December 2024 and signed on its behalf by:

Carolyn Lord

Chair of the Board of Directors

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Leeds Conservatoire

3 Quarry Hill

Leeds

LS2 7PD

The following statement is based on Office for Students (OfS) guidelines and reflects the conservatoire's regard for the Higher Education Code of Governance ('the Code') published by the Committee of University Chairs (CUC). The conservatoire conducts its business in accordance with accepted standards of behaviour in public life (the 'Nolan Principles') which embrace selflessness, integrity, objectivity, accountability, openness, honesty and leadership. Each year board members sign a register of interests and routinely declare any interests in relation to any matters under discussion at meetings.

This statement is provided to enable readers of the annual report and financial statements of the conservatoire to obtain a better understanding of its governance and legal structure. It covers the period from 1 August 2023 to 31 July 2024 and up to the date of the approval of the annual report and financial statements.

In October 2021, the Board adopted the updated Higher Education Code of Governance ('the updated Code') published by the CUC in September 2021. The conservatoire is committed to exhibiting best practise in all aspects of corporate governance and, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, it complied with the provisions of the Code throughout the period ended 31 July 2024. This was confirmed through a self-assessment carried out during the year and was also endorsed by RSM following their 2023/24 internal audit of governance.

Leeds Conservatoire is a company limited by guarantee and is an exempt charity within the meaning of Part 3 of the Charities Act 2011. The Board of Directors, who are also the Trustees for the purposes of the Charities Act, confirm that they have due regard for the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit and that the required statements appear elsewhere in these financial statements.

The Board of Directors

The following persons served on the Board of Directors during the year and up to the date of signature of this report. They served as Directors for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006 and as Trustees for the purposes of the Charities Act.

Name and status	Date of most recent Appointment	Term of Office	Date of Resignation	Attendance at scheduled board meetings during 2023/24
Duncan Abrahart – President of The Leeds Conservatoire Students' Union	1 Oct 2023	Ex officio	31 July 2024	4 out of 4
Robert Bentall – Staff Member	1 Oct 2024	4 years	N/A	-
Colin Booth OBE - Luminate Education Group CEO	1 Oct 2015	Ex officio	N/A	3 out of 4
Elise Brown – External Member	1 Sept 2023	4 years	N/A	2 out of 4

Aaron Casserly-Stewart – External Member	1 Sept 2019	4 years	30 Sept 2023	-
Lydia Devenny – External Member	1 Mar 2024	4 years	N/A	1 out of 2
Prof Paul Hollins – External Member	1 Sept 2023	4 years	30 Sept 2023	-
Jenny Hoy – External Member	1 Sept 2023	4 years	N/A	4 out of 4
Poppy Hughes – President of Leeds Conservatoire Students' Union	1 Aug 2024	Ex officio	N/A	-
Keranjeet Kaur Virdee – External Member	1 Sept 2024	4 years	N/A	-
Christopher Lawson-Quick – Staff Member	27 Feb 2023	4 years	1 Sept 2024	4 out of 4
Carolyn Lord (Chair) – External Member	1 Dec 2023	4 years	N/A	4 out of 4
Cluny Macpherson – External Member	1 May 2022	4 years	N/A	4 out of 4
Dr Shaid Mahmood – External Member	1 Aug 2019	4 years	30 Sept 2023	-
Chris Monks – External Member	1 Aug 2019	4 years	30 Sept 2023	-
Benjamin Saunders – External Member	18 Oct 2022	4 years	N/A	4 out of 4
Dr Amanda Wilcox – External Member	1 Dec 2023	4 years	N/A	3 out of 4
Prof Joe Wilson – Leeds Conservatoire Principal	1 Oct 2021	Ex officio	N/A	4 out of 4

Appointments to the Board of Directors

The Board, through a Governance & Nominations Committee, ensures that there is an appropriate balance of skills and experience among its members. The board's constitution includes the Principal, the President of the Students' Union and an elected staff member. The remaining members are

LEEDS CONSERVATOIRE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2024 STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL

external and independent to the conservatoire. Board members are not remunerated for the work they do in this capacity. Members of the Board are appointed for a term of office not exceeding four years.

In accordance with the Companies Act 2006, Directors have a statutory duty to promote the success of the organisation for the benefit of its members. The Board usually holds at least four formal business meetings each year. In addition, it holds an annual away day to provide an opportunity to consider matters of strategic importance in greater depth and the Board retains the discretion to hold extraordinary meetings should the need arise.

Full minutes of all meetings, except those deemed to be confidential by the Board, are available from the registered office address:

Leeds Conservatoire, 3 Quarry Hill, Leeds, LS2 7PD

Full accounts and minutes of the parent and ultimate parent company, Luminate Education Group except those deemed to be confidential by the Board, are available from the registered office address:

Luminate Education Group, Park Lane, Leeds, LS3 1AA

The Board has a strong and independent non-executive element and no individual or group dominates its decision-making process. The Principal has a general responsibility to the Board for the organisation, direction and management of the institution. There is a clear division of responsibility in that the roles of the Chair and Principal are separate. Under the Terms and Conditions of Funding and ongoing registration with the OfS the Principal is the Accountable Officer of the institution. In that capacity the Principal (and the Chair of the Board) can be summoned to appear before the Public Accounts Committee of the House of Commons. This responsibility extends to assuring the quality and accuracy of conservatoire data provided to OfS, the Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) and other public bodies.

Leeds Conservatoire Audit Committee

The Audit Committee's terms of reference provide for the appointment of three members of the Board and such co-opted committee members as the Board deems necessary to ensure an appropriate mix of skills and experience. Its membership excludes the Principal and the Chair of the Board. The committee operates in accordance with written terms of reference approved by the Board.

The Audit Committee usually meets four times per year and provides a forum for reporting by the conservatoire's internal, regularity and financial statements auditors, who have access to the committee for independent discussion, without the presence of management.

The internal auditors review the systems of internal control, risk management and governance processes, and economy, efficiency and effectiveness in accordance with an agreed plan of input and report their findings to management and the committee.

Management is responsible for the implementation of agreed audit recommendations and internal audit undertakes periodic follow-up reviews to ensure such recommendations have been implemented.

The Audit Committee also advises the Board on the appointment of internal, regularity and financial statements auditors and their remuneration for both audit and non-audit work.

Group Governance & Nominations Committee

This group committee advises on the appointment or reappointment, training and ongoing development of Board and Committee members and keeps under review the systems, policies and procedures supporting the governance process. This includes responsibility for oversight of reviews of Board effectiveness. The Chair carried out Board effectiveness reviews through discussion with individual board members during 2022/23. A self-assessment against the Code of Governance was carried out and reported to the Board during 2023/24 and was subject to internal audit during the year, resulting in a substantial assurance opinion. During 2023/24 the conservatoire's governance arrangements were also reviewed as part of an external governance review of Luminate Education Group. The resulting report concluded that "there is strong evidence that the board is highly proficient and consistently impacts positively on the group's strategy, effectiveness, and outcomes".

Group Remuneration Committee

The committee advises on the remuneration, conditions of service and any severance arrangements for the Principal. In carrying out its responsibilities the committee is mindful of the requirements of the OfS. The committee also has regard to the Higher Education Senior Staff Remuneration Code published by the CUC. The Principal does not serve as a member of the Remuneration Committee. The committee operates in accordance with a clear policy framework which was last updated in 2023.

Scope of responsibility

As a provider in receipt of public funding from the Office for Students (OfS), Leeds Conservatoire has due regard to ensure regularity and propriety in the use of that public funding. This includes key financial controls that are set out in the Financial Regulations and underpinning policies, including in relation to expenditure and value for money. The adequacy of these arrangements is subject to periodic review via internal and external audit, and returns submitted to, or auditing undertaken by, those external funding and regulatory bodies.

The Board is ultimately responsible for the conservatoire's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness. Such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Principal, as Accountable Officer, for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the conservatoire's policies, aims and objectives, whilst safeguarding the public funds and assets.

Internal Control

The Purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness.

The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of the conservatoire's policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the

LEEDS CONSERVATOIRE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2024 STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL

likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in the conservatoire for the period ended 31 July 2024 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts.

Capacity to handle risk

The Board has reviewed the key risks to which the conservatoire is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The Board is of the view that there is a formal ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the conservatoire's significant risks that has been in place for the period ending 31 July 2024 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts. The process is regularly reviewed by the Board.

The risk and control framework

The system of internal control is based on a framework of regular management information, administrative procedures including the segregation of duties, and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- Comprehensive budgeting systems with an annual budget reviewed and agreed by the Board:
- Regular reviews by the Board of periodic and annual financial reports which indicate financial performance against forecasts;
- Setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
- Clearly defined capital investment control guidelines; and
- The adoption of formal project management disciplines, where appropriate.

The conservatoire has an internal audit service which operates in accordance with the requirements of the Office for Students' Audit Code of Practice. The work of the internal audit service is informed by an analysis of the risks to which the conservatoire is exposed and annual internal audit plans are based on this analysis.

At minimum, annually, the Head of Internal Audit (HoIA) provides the Board with a report on internal audit activity. The report includes the HoIA's independent opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the conservatoire's system of risk management, controls and governance processes.

Review of effectiveness

The Principal has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. His review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by:

- The work of the internal auditors;
- The work of the executive managers within the conservatoire who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework; and
- Comments made by the conservatoire's financial statements auditors and regularity auditors in their management letters and other reports.

The Executive Leadership Team (ELT) receives reports setting out key performance and risk indicators and considers possible control issues brought to their attention by early warning

LEEDS CONSERVATOIRE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2024 STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL

mechanisms, which are embedded within departments and reinforced by risk awareness training. The Board's agenda includes a regular item for consideration of risk and control and receives reports thereon from senior management. The emphasis is on obtaining the relevant degree of assurance and not merely reporting by exception.

Based on the advice of the Audit Committee and the Principal, the Board is of the opinion that the conservatoire has an adequate and effective framework for governance, risk management and control, and has fulfilled its statutory responsibility for "the effective and efficient use of resources, the solvency of the institution and the body and the safeguarding of their assets".

Approved by order of the Board of Directors on 9 December 2024 and signed on its behalf by:

Carolyn Lord
Chair of the Board of Directors
Leeds Conservatoire

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Professor Joe Wilson Principal (Accountable Officer) Leeds Conservatoire

LEEDS CONSERVATOIRE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2024 STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD

The members of the Board of Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report, the Strategic Report and the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Office for Students' Terms and Conditions of Funding for Higher Education Institutions and Research England's Terms and Conditions of Research England Grant and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the Company's financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The terms and conditions of funding further require the financial statements to be prepared in accordance with the 2019 Statement of Recommended Practice – Accounting for Further and Higher Education, in accordance with the requirements of the Accounts Direction issued by the Office for Students.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of their income and expenditure, gains and losses and changes in reserves for that period. In preparing the Company financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern;
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Board are also responsible for ensuring that:

- funds from whatever source administered by the conservatoire for specific purposes have been properly applied to those purposes and managed in accordance with relevant legislation;
- funds provided by the Office for Students and Research England have been applied in accordance with the terms and conditions attached to them;
- ensuring that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place to safeguard public funds and funds from other sources;
- securing the economical, efficient and effective management of the conservatoire's resources and expenditure.

LEEDS CONSERVATOIRE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2024 STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD

The Board is responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Approved by order of the members of the Board on 9 December 2024 and signed on its behalf by:

Carolyn Lord

Chair of the Board of Directors

Leeds Conservatoire

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Leeds Conservatoire (the 'Conservatoire') for the year ended 31 July 2024 which comprise Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Reserves, the Balance Sheet, the Cashflow Statement and analysis of net debt and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Conservatoire's affairs as at 31 July 2024 and of
 its income and expenditure, gains and losses, changes in reserves and cash flows for the year
 then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice – Accounting for Further and Higher Education.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of Leeds Conservatoire in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Conservatoire's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Board of Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the

financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Board of Directors is responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Conservatoire and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities of the Members of the Board set out on page 20, the Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the

LEEDS CONSERVATOIRE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2024 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LEEDS CONSERVATOIRE

Conservatoire's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Conservatoire or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud.

Based on our understanding of the Conservatoire and its industry, we considered that non-compliance with the following laws and regulations might have a material effect on the financial statements: compliance with the OfS regulatory framework, the OFSTED regulatory framework, safeguarding, pensions legislation, employment regulation and health and safety regulation, anti-bribery, corruption and fraud, money laundering, HM Treasury's "Managing public money".

To help us identify instances of non-compliance with these laws and regulations, and in identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect to non-compliance, our procedures included, but were not limited to:

- Inquiring of management and, where appropriate, those charged with governance, as to
 whether the Conservatoire is in compliance with laws and regulations, and discussing their
 policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations;
- Inspecting correspondence, if any, with relevant licensing or regulatory authorities;
- Communicating identified laws and regulations to the engagement team and remaining alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout our audit; and
- Considering the risk of acts by the Conservatoire which were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.

We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the preparation of the financial statements, such as pension legislation, Companies Act 2006 and the OfS Accounts Direction.

In addition, we evaluated the directors' and management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements, including the risk of management override of controls, and determined that the principal risks related to posting manual journal entries to manipulate financial performance, management bias through judgements and assumptions in

LEEDS CONSERVATOIRE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2024 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LEEDS CONSERVATOIRE

significant accounting estimates, particular in relation to the assumptions used in determining the valuations of defined benefit obligations, revenue recognition (which we pinpointed to the cut-off assertion), and significant one-off or unusual transactions.

Our audit procedures in relation to fraud included but were not limited to:

- Making enquiries of the directors and management on whether they had knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud;
- Gaining an understanding of the internal controls established to mitigate risks related to fraud:
- Discussing amongst the engagement team the risks of fraud; and
- Addressing the risks of fraud through management override of controls by performing journal entry testing.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above and the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of irregularities including fraud rests with management. As with any audit, there remained a risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal controls.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Other required reporting

Opinion on other matters prescribed in the OfS Audit Code of Practise issued under the Further and Higher Education Act 1992

In our opinion, in all material respects:

- Funds from whatever source administered by the provider for specific purposes have been properly applied to those purposes and managed in accordance with the relevant legislation;
- Funds provided by the OfS and UK Research and Innovation (including Research England)
 have been applied in accordance with the relevant terms and conditions attached to them;
 and
- The requirements of OfS's accounts direction have been met.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the OfS Audit Code of Practise requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- The provider's grant and fee income, as disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, has been materially misstated; or
- The provider's expenditure on access and participation activities, as disclosed in the financial statements, has been materially misstated.

LEEDS CONSERVATOIRE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the year ended 31 July 2024
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LEEDS CONSERVATOIRE

Use of the audit report

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Board of Directors those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Conservatoire and the Board of Directors as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Forvis Mazars LLP (Dec 19, 2024 13:33 GMT)

David Hoose (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Forvis Mazars LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor
Park View House
58 The Ropewalk
Nottingham
NG1 5DW
Date:

19/12/2024

	Notes	2024 £'000	2023 £'000
Income			
Tuition fees and education contracts	2	13,562	13,824
Other grants and contracts	3	1,579	2,063
Other income	4	275	418
Investment income	5	30	: -
Donations and endowments	6	2	1
Total income		15,448	16,306
Expenditure			
Staff costs	7	8,005	9,802
Fundamental restructuring costs	7	43	180
Other operating expenses	8	7,024	6,806
Depreciation of tangible assets	11	859	802
Interest and other finance costs	9	47	179_
Total expenditure		15,978	17,769
Deficit before other gains and losses		(530)	(1,463)
Profit/(loss) on disposal of assets		6	(69)
Deficit before tax		(524)	(1,532)
Taxation	10	284	339
Deficit for the year		(240)	(1,193)
Actuarial (loss)/gain in respect of pension schemes	18	(191)	5,058
Actuarial (loss)/gain in respect of pension provision		(11)	8
Total comprehensive income for the year		(442)	3,873
Represented by:			
Endowment comprehensive income for the year			-
Unrestricted comprehensive income for the year		(442)	3,873
		(442)	3,873

All items of income and expenditure relate to continuing operations

The accompanying notes on pages 31 to 52 form part of these financial statements

Income & expenditure reserve - unrestricted	Endowment Reserve restricted	Total	
£'000	£'000	£'000	
7,107	-	7,107	
(1,193)	-	(1,193)	
5,066	-	5,066	
3,873		3,873	
10,980	-	10,980	
10,980	-	10,980	
(240)		(240)	
(202)	-	(202)	
.=	==		
(442)		(442)	
10,538		10,538	
	expenditure reserve - unrestricted £'000 7,107 (1,193) 5,066 3,873 10,980 10,980 (240) (202) - (442)	expenditure reserve restricted restricted from from from from from from from from	

The accompanying notes on pages 31 to 52 form part of these financial statements.

		2024	2023
	Notes	£'000	£'000
Non-current assets			
Tangible fixed assets	11	10,647	10,928
Command assets		10,647	10,928
Current assets Stock		4	_
Trade and other receivables	12	2,495	3,777
Cash at bank and in hand		14	12
Total current assets		2,513	3,789
Less: creditors - amounts falling due within one year	13	(1,491)	(2,313)
Not assumed accepts		1 022	1,476
Net current assets		1,022	1,476
Total assets less current liabilities		11,669	12,404
Less: creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year	13, 14	(962)	(1,254)
	.5		M 5 M
Provisions			
Pension provisions	16, 18	(169)	(170)
Other provisions	16	/4.50\	- (470)
		(169)	(170)
Total net assets		10,538	10,980
Total fiet assets		10,550	
Restricted reserves			
Income and expenditure reserve - endowment reserve	17	-	
1			
Unrestricted reserves			
Income and expenditure reserve - unrestricted		10,538	10,980
		10.530	10.000
Total reserves		10,538	10,980

The accompanying notes on pages 31 to 52 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 27 to 52 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 9 December 2024 and were signed on its behalf on that date by:

Carolyn Lord

Chair of the Board of Directors

Leeds Conservatoire

Professor Joe Wilson

Principal (Accountable Officer)

Leeds Conservatoire

CASHFLOW STATEMENT				
			2024	2023
			£'000	£'000
Cash flow from operating activities				
Deficit for the year			(240)	(1,193)
Adjustment for non-cash items				
Depreciation			859	802
(Increase)/decrease in stock			(4)	4
Decrease/(increase) in debtors			1,512	262
Increase/(decrease) in creditors			(861)	849
(Decrease)/increase in other provisions			-	(496)
Pensions costs less contributions payable			(203)	767
Decrease in taxation receivable			55	-
Taxation receivable			(284)	(339)
Adjustment for investing or finance activities				
Interest and other finance costs			39	45
Grants received			(50)	-
(Profit)/loss on disposal of assets			(6)	69
Net cash inflow from operating activities		_	817	770
Cash flows from investing activities			(572)	/512\
Payments made to acquire fixed assets		_	(573)	(513)
Cook flows from flowering activities			(573)	(513)
Cash flows from financing activities			(20)	/AE\
Interest paid Grants received			(39) 50	(45)
			(253)	(216)
Capital element of finance lease payments		_	(242)	(261)
			(272)	(201)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents in	the year		2	(4)
Cash brought forward at beginning of year			12	16
Cash carried forward at end of year			14	12
			-	
ANALYSIS OF NET DEBT				
	At 1			At 31
	August	Cash	Other	July
	2023	flows	changes	2024
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cash and cash equivalents	12	2	_	14
Finance lease obligations – short term	(221)	253	(292)	(260)
Finance lease obligations – long term	(1,254)	-	292	(962)
Total	(1,463)	255		(1,208)
	,-,·,			\

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

Basis of preparation

Leeds Conservatoire is a company limited by guarantee and is an exempt charity within the meaning of Part 3 of the Charities Act 2011. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education 2019 (the 2019 FE HE SORP), the OFS Accounts Direction for 2019 to 2020 and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 – "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102). The conservatoire is a public benefit entity and has therefore applied the relevant public benefit requirements of FRS 102.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the conservatoire's accounting policies.

Going concern

The activities of the conservatoire together with the factors likely to affect its future development and performance are set out in the Directors' Report and Strategic Report. The financial position of the conservatoire, its cash flow, liquidity and borrowings are described in the financial statements and accompanying notes.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors believe to be appropriate for the following reasons.

The directors have considered forecasts for future financial performance and are of the opinion that, taking account of severe, but plausible downsides that the conservatoire will have sufficient funds, through funding from its immediate parent (Luminate Education Group) to meet its liabilities as they fall due over the period of 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements (the going concern assessment period).

The conservatoire is the wholly owned subsidiary of the Corporation of Luminate Education Group. As part of the Luminate Education Group, the conservatoire participates in a group treasury arrangement whereby the working capital fluctuations of the conservatoire are supported by the group treasury function. The conservatoire has no other form of borrowing open to it. As such for the conservatoire to continue to trade as a going concern the group needs to provide assurance it can continue to support the working capital requirements of the conservatoire going forward.

Luminate Education Group continues to support the conservatoire on an ongoing basis. The entities have a shared purpose, vision and aligned strategic objectives. Luminate Education Group sees the conservatoire as an important part of the group through its delivery of HE courses and integral to the ongoing development of the group brand. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

Due to the seasonal profile of funding within the further and higher education sectors, the group has needed to carefully manage its cash balances in order to cover working capital requirements for the period of January to May, when the main Higher Education (HE) funding is received. Following reclassification of the further education sector in November 2022, the ESFA has reprofiled the main income streams for the group, lessening the impact of the profile of the receipt of the HE income. The DfE is also providing replacement loan funding for the planned commercial borrowing that had been arranged to support the group capital programme. The group is forecasting to have sufficient cash balances to manage this position for the duration of its current three-year financial plan.

Based on these indications the directors believe that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from the basis of preparation being inappropriate.

Recognition of income

Income is recognised in line with best estimates for the period of what is receivable and depend on the particular income stream involved. Any under or over achievement is adjusted for and reflected in the level of income recognised. As an independent HEI, the conservatoire receives funding directly from the Office for Students and the Student Loans Company.

Income from tuition fees is recognised in the period for which it is received and includes all fees payable by students or their sponsors. Income from grants, contracts and other services rendered is included to the extent of the completion of the contract or service concerned. All income from short-term deposits is credited to the income and expenditure account in the period in which it is earned.

Grant funding including capital grants

Grant funding including funding council block grant and grants from non-government sources are recognised as income when the conservatoire is entitled to the income and performance related conditions have been met. Income received in advance of performance related conditions being met is recognised as deferred income within creditors on the balance sheet and released to income as the conditions are met.

Donations and endowments

Non-exchange transactions without performance related conditions are donations and endowments. Donations and endowments with Donor imposed restrictions are recognised in income when the conservatoire is entitled to the funds. Income is retained within the restricted reserve until such time that it is utilised in line with such restrictions at which point the income is released to general reserves through a reserve transfer.

Donations with no restrictions are recognised in income when the conservatoire is entitled to the funds.

Post-retirement benefits

Retirement benefits to employees of the conservatoire are provided by the West Yorkshire Pension Fund (WYPF). This is a defined benefit scheme which is externally funded and contracted out of the State Earnings Related Pension Scheme (SERPS), and the assets are held separately from those of the conservatoire. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high-quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities.

The actuarial valuation is obtained at least triennially and is updated at each balance sheet date. The amounts charged to operating surplus are the current service costs and gains and losses on curtailments and settlements. They are included as part of staff costs. Past service costs are recognised immediately in the income and expenditure account if the benefits have been vested. If the benefits have not been vested immediately, the costs are recognised over the period until vesting occurs.

Net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset is also recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and comprises the interest cost on the defined benefit obligation and interest income on the scheme assets, calculated by multiplying the fair value of the scheme assets at the beginning of the period by the rate used to discount the benefit obligations. The difference between the interest income on the scheme assets and the actual return on the scheme assets is recognised in interest and other finance costs.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the statement of total recognised gains and losses.

Short-term employment benefits

Short-term employment benefits such as salaries and compensated absences (holiday pay) are recognised as an expense in the year in which the employees render service to the conservatoire. Any unused benefits are accrued and measured as the additional amount the conservatoire expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement.

Enhanced pensions

The actual cost of any enhanced on-going pension to a former member of staff is paid by a conservatoire annually. An estimate of the expected future costs of any enhancement to the on-going pension of a former member of staff is charged in full to the conservatoire's income and expenditure account in the year that the member of staff retires. In subsequent years a charge is made to provisions in the balance sheet using the enhanced pension spreadsheet provided by the funding bodies.

Non-current assets - Tangible fixed assets

Land and buildings

Tangible fixed assets are stated at deemed cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Certain items of fixed assets that had been revalued to fair value on or prior to the date of transition to the 2019 FE HE SORP, are measured on the basis of deemed cost, being the revalued amount at the date of that revaluation.

Building improvements made are included in the balance sheet at cost. The conservatoire has a policy of depreciating major adaptations to buildings over the period of their useful economic life of between 5 and 30 years. Leasehold land and buildings are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their expected economic life to the conservatoire of 60 years or, if shorter, the period of the lease. Building improvements made are included in the balance sheet at cost. The conservatoire has a policy of depreciating major adaptations to buildings over the period of their useful economic life of between 5 and 30 years. Leasehold land and buildings are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their expected economic life to the conservatoire of 60 years or, if shorter, the period of the lease. Finance costs which are directly attributable to the construction of land and buildings are not capitalised as part of the cost of those assets.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the fixed asset may not be recoverable.

Subsequent expenditure on existing fixed assets:

Where significant expenditure is incurred on tangible fixed assets it is charged to the income and expenditure account in the period it is incurred, unless it meets one of the following criteria, in which case it is capitalised and depreciated on the relevant basis:

- Asset capacity increases
- Substantial improvement in the quality of output or reduction in operating costs

Equipment

Individual items of equipment costing less than £2,000 are written off to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period of acquisition. All other equipment is capitalised at cost.

All equipment is depreciated over its useful economic life as follows:

- IT equipment 4 years on a straight-line basis
- All other equipment 5 to 30 years on a straight-line basis.
- Significant extension of the asset's life beyond that conferred by repairs and maintenance

Leased assets

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Leasing agreements which transfer to the conservatoire substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership of an asset are treated as if the asset had been purchased outright and are capitalised at their fair value at the inception of the lease and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or the useful economic lives of equivalently owned assets. The capital element outstanding is shown as obligations under finance leases.

The finance charges are allocated over the period of the lease in proportion to the capital element outstanding.

Stock

Stocks are stated at the lower of their cost and net realisable value. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete, slow moving and defective stock.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash in hand, deposits repayable on demand and overdrafts. Deposits are repayable on demand if they are in practice available within 24 hours without penalty.

Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value. An investment qualifies as a cash equivalent when it has maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument's legal form.

All loans, investments and short-term deposits held by the conservatoire are classified as basic financial instruments in accordance with FRS 102. These instruments are initially recorded at the transaction price less any transaction costs (historical cost). FRS 102 requires that basic financial instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost, however the conservatoire has calculated that the difference between the historical cost and amortised cost basis is not material and so these financial instruments are stated on the balance sheet at historical cost. Loans and investments that are payable or receivable within one year are not discounted.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the end of the financial period with all resulting exchange differences being taken to the income and expenditure account in the period in which they arise.

Taxation

The conservatoire is an exempt charity within the meaning of Part 3 of the Charities Act 2011 and as such is a charity within the meaning of Section 506 (1) of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988. The conservatoire is recognised as a charity by HM Revenue & Customs. It is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 Finance Act 2010 and accordingly is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by section 478-488 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

In the opinion of the Board, no corporation tax charge has arisen in either year, but the conservatoire qualifies for Theatre Tax Relief on certain activities undertaken by the conservatoire and has recognised this tax credit. The conservatoire receives no exemption in respect of value added tax. For this reason, the conservatoire is generally unable to recover input VAT it suffers on goods and services purchased. Capital costs and non-pay expenditure are therefore shown inclusive of VAT with any partial recovery included in other operating income.

Provisions, contingent liabilities and assets

Provisions are recognised when the conservatoire has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A contingent liability arises from a past event that gives the conservatoire a possible obligation whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or otherwise of uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the conservatoire. Contingent liabilities also arise in circumstances where a provision would otherwise be made but either it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent asset arises where an event has taken place that gives the conservatoire a possible asset whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or otherwise of uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the conservatoire.

Contingent liabilities and assets are not recognised in the balance sheet but are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty In preparing these financial statements, management have made the following judgements:

Key judgements

Local Government Pension Scheme

As the present value of the funded benefits within the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date is less than the fair value of plan assets at that date, the plan has a notional surplus. As management do not consider that the conservatoire will be able to recover the surplus either through reduced contributions in the future or through refunds from the plan, the surplus has not been recognised in these financial statements in line with paragraph 28.22 of FRS102. The present value of the unfunded benefits within the defined benefit obligation is greater than the fair value of plan assets and is still therefore recognised as a liability.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets, other than investment properties, are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

• Local Government Pension Scheme

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit asset/liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in note 17, will impact the carrying amount of the pension asset/liability.

Reserves

Reserves are classified as restricted or unrestricted. Restricted endowment reserves include balances which, through endowment to the conservatoire, the donor has designated a specific purpose and therefore the conservatoire is restricted in the use of these funds.

2. TUITION FEES AND EDUCATION CONTRACTS		
	2024	2023
Home & EU students	11,670	12,517
International students	1,892	1,307
	13,562	13,824
3. OTHER GRANTS AND CONTRACT		
5. Chilli diameterina continue:	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
Provision of education	1,529	1,963
Office for Students capital grant	50	100
Tatal	1.570	2.062
Total	1,579	2,063
3A. GRANT AND FEE INCOME		
	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
Grant income from the Office for Students	1,407	1,465
Fee income for taught awards (exclusive of VAT)	11,261	11,954_
Total	12,668	13,419

Leeds Conservatoire is an Office for Students (OfS) registered conservatoire that received grant and fee income for courses at Level 4 and above in 2023/24 and 2022/23. During 2023/24, the conservatoire received grant income of £1,407k (2022/23: £1,465k) from the OfS.

In 2023/24 the conservatoire received fee income for taught awards of £11,261k (2022/23: £11,954 k). There was no income for non-qualifying courses, no grant income from other bodies in year and the conservatoire do not currently offer research award courses. The income figures in the above table are already included in the overall income figures in the financial statements, see note 2 and 3.

4. OTHER INCOME		
	2024	2023
	£′000	£'000
Catering and residences	21	13
Other income generating activities	66	253
Miscellaneous income	188	152
Total	275	418
5. INVESTMENT INCOME		2022
	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
Pension finance income	30	, -
Total	30	€:
6. DONATIONS AND ENDOWMENTS		
	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
Unrestricted donations	2	1
Total	2	1
Z CTAFF COSTS		

7. STAFF COSTS

The average number of persons (including senior staff) employed by the conservatoire during the period, described as full-time equivalent was:

	2024 Number	2023 Number
Teaching	53	58
Teaching support	11	7
Student support	43	39
Management and administration	30	42
Income generation	13_	12
Total Staff	150	158

7. STAFF COSTS (CONTINUED)

	2024 £'000	2023 £'000
Wages and salaries	6,557	7,191
Social security costs	557	600
Other pension costs (see notes 16 and 18)	842	1,900
Payroll sub-total	7,956	9,691
Contracted out staffing services	49	112
Restructuring costs – contractual	43	179
Total	8,048	9,982

Key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the conservatoire and are represented by the Executive Leadership Team which comprises the Principal and Vice Principal.

The emoluments payable to the key management personnel are detailed below.

	2024 £'000	2023 £′000
Salary Pension contributions paid by the conservatoire	200 35	288 49
Total emoluments paid	235	337
The emoluments payable to the Principal, Professor Joe Wilson, are detailed below.		
	2024 £'000	2023 £'000
Salary Pension contributions paid by the conservatoire	98 17	97 16
Total emoluments paid	115	113

Professor Wilson's salary represents 2.5 (2022/23: 2.5) times the median contractual salary paid out and his total remuneration 2.7 (2022/23: 2.6) times the median total remuneration paid out to staff during the year.

7. STAFF COSTS (CONTINUED)

The Group Renumeration Committee advises on the remuneration, conditions of service and any severance arrangements for the Principal. In carrying out its responsibilities the committee is mindful of the requirements of the OfS. The committee also has regard to the Higher Education Senior Staff Remuneration Code published by the CUC. The Principal does not serve as a member of the Remuneration Committee.

The Group Remuneration Committee is responsible for recommending for board approval the annual performance targets for the Principal, ensuring consistency with the long term aims and risk appetite of the conservatoire. The Group CEO, in conjunction with the Chair of Leeds Conservatoire, carries out the Principal's mid-year and end-year performance appraisals, the outcomes of which are considered by the Remuneration Committee.

The members of the Board other than the Principal, the staff member and the SU President did not receive any payment from the institution other than the reimbursement of travel and subsistence expenses incurred in the course of their duties. The total expenses paid to or on behalf of the Board in the year was £1k (2022/23 - nil).

During the year no employees earned over £100k (2022/23 - nil).

8. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
Teaching costs	1,220	1,695
Non-teaching costs	2,787	2,793
Premises costs	3,017	2,318
	8 	-
Total	7,024	6,806
	-	
	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
Non-teaching costs include:		
Auditors remuneration:		
- Financial statements audit	37	37
Internal audit*	.	35
Other services provided by the internal auditors	=	-
Profit/(losses) on disposal of tangible fixed assets (where not material)	(6)	69
Hire of other assets – operating leases	274	244

^{*} For 2023/24 the internal audit fees are paid directly by the corporation for the whole group

8A. ACCESS AND PARTICIPATION SPENDING

	2024	2023
	£′000	£'000
Financial support to students	683	458
Disability support	17	26
Research and evaluation	5	7
Total	705	491

Leeds Conservatoire is an Office for Students (OfS) registered conservatoire that received grant and fee income for courses at Level 4 and above in 2023/24 and 2022/23.

Leeds Conservatoire received fee income for taught awards of £11,261k (2022/23 £11,954k).

There was no income for non-qualifying courses, no grant income from other bodies in year and Leeds Conservatoire do not currently offer research award courses.

The income figures in the above table are already included in the overall income figures in the financial statements, see note 2 and 3.

https://www.leedsconservatoire.ac.uk/about-us/about-leeds-conservatoire/corporate/policies/

9. INTEREST AND OTHER FINANCE COSTS

	2024 £'000	2023 £'000
On bank loans, overdrafts and other loans	8 -	-
On finance leases	39	45
Interest on pension liabilities (note 18)	8	134
Total	47	179

10. TAXATION

Leeds Conservatoire fulfils the criteria of being a production company for Theatre Tax Relief purposes for all performing arts shows. Theatre Tax Relief due in respect of performances during 2023/24 totals £284k (2022/23: £339k).

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Land & buildings		Assets in course of	
	Long leasehold £'000	Equipment £'000	construction £'000	Total £'000
Deemed Cost / Cost				
Balance brought forward 1 August 2023	15,230	4,230	201	19,661
Additions			575	575
Transfer	4	<u>271</u>	<u>(275)</u>	
At 31 July 2024	<u>15,234</u>	4,501	501	20,236
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance brought forward 1 August 2023	6,174	2,559	-	8,733
Charge for the year	472	383		855
At 31 July 2024	6,646	2,943	<u>_</u>	9,589
Net book value at 31 July 2024	8,588	<u>1,558</u>	501	10,647
Net book value at 31 July 2023	<u>9,056</u>	<u>1,670</u>	<u>201</u>	10,928

Land and buildings were valued at £10.6 million as at July 2014 at depreciated replacement cost by DVS, a firm of independent chartered surveyors, when the net book value at that date was £10.7 million. The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes an amount of £2,866k in respect of long leasehold buildings held under finance leases. The depreciation charge on these assets for the year was £80k.

12. DEBTORS

	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
Amounts falling due within one year		
Trade receivables	86	264
Prepayments and accrued income	995	641
Amounts owed by parent undertaking – Luminate Education Group	1,401	2,788
Other debtors	13	84
Total	2,495	3,777

13. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
Obligations under finance leases	260	221
Payments received in advance	267	473
Trade creditors	334	265
Other creditors	88	132
Other taxation and social security	120	157
Accruals and deferred income	422	1,065
Total	1,491	2,313
14. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE	YEAR	
	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
Obligations under finance leases	962	1,254

The finance leases relate to the £3.5m cost of building additional teaching accommodation at the main campus in 2005.

15. MATURITY OF DEBT

Finance leases

Total

The net finance lease obligations to which the conservatoire is committed are:

2024 £'000	2023 £'000
260	221
915	947
47_	307_
1,222	1,475
	£'000 260 915 47

Finance lease obligations are secured on the assets to which they relate. The finance lease agreements do not contain any significant arrangements.

962

1,254

16. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	Defined benefit obligations	Enhanced pensions	Sub-Total	Other	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance brought forward at 1 August 2023	5	165	170		170
Expenditure charged to the provision	(1,224)	(20)	(1,244)		(1,244)
Additions/(releases) to/from the provision	1,224	19	1,243	-	1,243
	5	164	169	-	169

Defined benefit obligations relate to the liabilities under the conservatoire's membership of the Local Government Pension Scheme. Further details are given in note 18.

The enhanced pension provision relates to the cost of staff who have already left the conservatoire's employment and commitments for reorganisation cost from which the conservatoire cannot reasonably withdraw at the balance sheet date. The principal assumptions for this calculation are:

	2024	2023
	%	%
Interest rate	4.8	5.0
Inflation rate	2.8	2.8

Other provisions related to amounts provided to meet potential costs that could arise from employment related claims. The claims that the provision was created for were reviewed and paid out during the year and the remaining balance released to the income and expenditure account as the timeframe for receipt of claims had passed.

17. ENDOWMENT RESERVES

	2024 £'000	2023 £'000
Expendable endowments		
Endowment reserves at 1 August 2023	-	-
New endowment income	-	10
Expenditure	·	(10)
At 31 July 2024		
Balance represented by: Accumulated income		
At 31 July 2024		

18. DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

The conservatoire's employees belong to The West Yorkshire Pension Fund (WYPF), a Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for staff. This is a multi-employer defined-benefit plan.

Total pension cost for the year

	2024 £'000	2023 £'000
West Yorkshire Pension Fund:		
Contributions paid	1,022	1,065
FRS 102 charge	(161)	652
Charge to the Income and Expenditure account	861	1,717
Peoples' Pension	14	18
Other	(33)	165
Total pension cost for year within staff costs	842	1,900

The pension costs are assessed in accordance with the advice of independent qualified actuaries. The latest formal actuarial valuation of the WYPF was 31 March 2022.

West Yorkshire Pension Fund (WYPF)

LC operates an employee pension benefits scheme through WYPF, which is a funded defined benefit scheme, with the assets held in separate trustee administered funds. The total contribution made for the period ended 31 July 2024 was £1,392k of which employer's contributions totalled £1,023k and employees' contributions totalled £369k. The agreed contribution rate for 2024/25 is 17.9% for employers and range from 5.5% to 12.5% for employees, depending on salary.

Principal actuarial assumptions

The following information is based upon a full actuarial valuation of the fund at 31 July 2024 by a qualified independent actuary.

	At 31 July 2024		At 31 July 2024 At 31 July		ıly 2023
	WYPF	WYPF	WYPF	WYPF	
	funded	unfunded	funded	unfunded	
	benefits	benefits	benefits	benefits	
Expected rate of salary increases	3.75%	n/a	3.85%	n/a	
Future pension increases	2.50%	2.50%	2.60%	2.60%	
Discount rate for scheme liabilities	4.90%	4.90%	4.90%	4.90%	
Inflation assumption (CPI)	2.50%	2.50%	2.60%	2.60%	

The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for future improvements in mortality rates. The assumed life expectations on retirement age 65 are:

	At 31 July 2024	At 31 July 2023
Males		
Pensioner member age 65 at accounting date	20.8 years	21.0 years
Active member age 45 at accounting date	21.7 years	22.2 years
Females		
Pensioner member age 65 at accounting date	24.0 years	24.1 years
Active member age 45 at accounting date	24.7 years	25.1 years

West Yorkshire Pension Fund (continued) Principal actuarial assumptions (continued)

The conservatoire's share of the assets in the fund at the balance sheet and the expected rates of return were:

	Long-	Fair	Long-term	Fair
	term rate	value at	rate of	value at
	of return	31 July	return	31 July
	expected	2024	expected	2023
	at 31 July		at 31 July	
	2024		2023	
	%	£'000	%	£'000
Equities	79.3%	19,123	80.1%	16,660
Government bonds	8.8%	2,122	7.4%	1,539
Corporate bonds	4.0%	965	4.5%	936
Property	2.7%	651	3.3%	687
Cash	2.7%	651	3.9%	811
Other	2.5%	603	0.8%	166
Total fair value of fund assets		24,115		20,799

The amount included in the balance sheet in respect of the defined benefit plan and enhanced pensions benefits is as follows:

	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
Fair value of fund assets	24,115	20,799
Present value of fund liabilities - funded	(20,303)	(19,442)
Present value of fund liabilities - unfunded	(5)	(5)
Present value of fund assets	3,807	1,352
Less notional surplus not recognised	(3,812)	(1,357)
Net pensions liability as recognised in these financial statements	(5)	(5)

As the present value of the funded benefits within the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date is less than the fair value of plan assets at that date, the plan has a notional surplus. As management do not consider that the Group will be able to recover the surplus either through reduced contributions in the future or through refunds from the plan, the surplus has not been recognised in these financial statements in line with paragraph 28.22 of FRS102. The present value of the unfunded benefits within the defined benefit obligation is greater than the fair value of plan assets and is still therefore recognised as a liability.

 $Amounts\ recognised\ in\ the\ Statement\ of\ Comprehensive\ Income\ in\ respect\ of\ the\ fund\ are\ as\ follows:$

	2024 £'000	2023 £'000
Amounts included in staff costs	£ 000	E 000
Current service cost	840	1,736
Past service cost	223	-
1 dat activitée coat		
	1,063	1,736
Total	-/	_/
Total		
Amounts included in interest and other finance costs		
	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
Interest on pageing liabilities	96	128
Interest on pension liabilities		120
Net interest cost	96	128
Amount recognised in other comprehensive Income		
Return on pension fund assets	1,147	(1,348)
Experience gains on scheme liabilities	1,051	7,763
Notional surplus not recognised	(2,389)	(1,357)
	(191)	5,058
Movement in net defined benefit liability during the year	2024	2023
Wovement in het deimed benefit habiity during the year	£'000	£'000
	2 000	2 000
Net defined benefit liability in the fund at 1 August	(5)	(4,283)
Movement in period		
 Employer service cost (net of employee contributions) 	(840)	(1,736)
 Past service cost 	(223)	8
 Employer contributions 	1,224	1,084
 Curtailments and settlements 	-	
 Net interest/return on assets 	96	(128)
 Re-measurement gains on assets 	1,147	(1,348)
 Actuarial gain 	1,051	7,763
 Notional surplus not recognised 	(2,455)	(1,357)
Not defined hanefit liability in the fund at 21 July	(E)	(E)
Net defined benefit liability in the fund at 31 July	(5)	(5)

West Yorkshire Pension Fund (continued)

Asset and Liability Reconciliation

Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations		
	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
Defined benefit obligations at start of year	19,447	24,502
Current service cost	840	1,736
Interest cost	951	836
Employee contributions	360	416
Actuarial gain	(1,051)	(7,763)
Benefits paid	(462)	(280)
Past service cost	223	8 V
Defined benefit obligations at end of year	20,308	19,447
Change in fair value of fund assets		
Fair value of fund assets at start of year	20,799	20,219
Interest income on assets	1,047	708
Remeasurement (losses)/gains on assets	1,147	(1,348)
Employer contributions	1,224	1,084
Employee contributions	360	416
Benefits paid	(462)	(280)
Fair value of fund assets at end of year	24,115	20,799

In June 2023 the High Court ruled in the case of Virgin Media Limited v NTL Pension Trustees. The ruling was that certain pension scheme rule amendments were invalid if they were not accompanied by the correct actuarial confirmation. This High Court ruling was appealed. In a judgment delivered on 25 July 2024, the Court of Appeal unanimously upheld the decision of the High Court. At the date of approval of these financial statements, while it is known there is potential for additional pension liabilities to be recognised as a result of this ruling, the impact in monetary terms is not known and it is reasonable to form the view that it is not reasonably estimable. Accordingly, no adjustments to reflect the impact of the ruling have been made in these financial statements. The Directors will continue to monitor the developments and consider the impact on the LGPS liabilities recognised by the conservatoire.

19. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There are no significant post balance sheets events this year.

20. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	2024	2023
	£′000	£'000
Authorised but not contracted at 31 July	1,789	2,271
Commitments contracted for as at 31 July	-	

21. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

At 31 July 2024 the conservatoire had total commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2024 £'000	2023 £'000
Minimum lease payments due within one year	192	192
Total minimum lease payments due between two and five years	997	984
Total minimum lease payments due over five years.	3,517	3,722
Total	4,706	4,898

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Owing to the nature of Leeds Conservatoire's operations and the composition of the board of governors being drawn from local public and private sector organisations it is inevitable that transactions will take place with organisations in which a member of the board of governors may have an interest. All transactions involving such organisations are conducted at arm's length and in accordance with the conservatoire's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures.

Transactions with the educational funding bodies are detailed in note 3.

Professor Joe Wilson, Principal of Leeds Conservatoire, is a Member of the Board of Yorkshire Young Musicians. During the year Leeds Conservatoire received £27k for facilities hire (2022/23: £40k).

The company has taken advantage of the exemption to disclose transactions and balances with Luminate Education Group as Luminate Education is the ultimate parent undertaking and the company is consolidated into the group financial statements.

23. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

Leeds Conservatoire is a company limited by guarantee. Luminate Education Group is the sole member of the company and the member is a corporation established under the Further and Higher Education Act 1992. The smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements is

LEEDS CONSERVATOIRE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 July 2024 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Luminate Education Group. Copies pf the Luminate Education Group consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the Director of Governance at Luminate Education Group, Park Lane Campus, Leeds, LS3 1AA.